



List of acceptable and rejected materials Composting sites of Englobe

**Some inputs refused today could be accepted in the future when data / research will be available.*

ACCEPTABLE Materials
Table scraps / leftovers
<p>All food including fresh, frozen, dried, cooked and prepared foods as well as table leftovers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fruits and vegetables; - Meat, fish, seafood (including carapace), poultry and bone; - Pasta, bread and cereals; - Dairy products ; - Ground coffee, coffee filters and tea bags; - Egg and walnut shells; - Treats and confectionery products; - Any paper and cardboard strained with food : paper towels, tissues (including soiled tissues), napkins, parchment and wax paper, pizza boxes, paper plate and glass, paper bags, etc.
Green residues
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grass; - Dead leaves; - Cut branches less than 1cm in diameter (not attached), maximum length of 60 cm; - Flowers, plants and other plants residues (coniferous needles, cuttings from a hedge, weeds, etc.) except invasive exotic plants (Phragmites, Giant hogweed, Japanese knotweed, Himalayan balsam, Purple loosestrife); - Bark of wood, sawdust; saw blade; - Paper bags.
Other
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - House plants including potting soil; - Coconut fiber - Compostable plastic bags : tolerated, if certified according to AFNOR NF EN 13432, ASTM D 6400 or the BNQ 9011-911/2007 certification program; - Plastic packaging compostable certified by a recognized standard (BPI (Biodegradable products institute), BNQ etc); - PLA cardboard containers or cups (corn starch coating); - Cold ashes (extinguished for at least 7 days); - Hair and animal hair; - Animal dung and litter.



Matières REFUSÉES	
House residues	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Diapers, dressings (sterile pad or compress) and sanitary products (tampons, sanitary napkins); - Cotton swab (ex : Q-tips®) ; - Recyclable materials including: newspapers, recyclable paper¹, glass, metal and plastic; - Type of containers: Tetra Pak®; - Compostable coffee capsules¹; - Styrofoam and plastic packaging; - Utensils, plastics bags and plastic pellicule including oxo-biodegradable plastics (EPI®, etc.); - Dryer lint and fabric softener sheets; - Disposable broom sheets (eg :Swiffer® type broom cloth); - Vacuum cleaner bags and their contents; - Cigarette butts and ashes; - Corks; - Rope and twine; - Wax and chewing gum; - Seashells and mussels; - Paint, motor oil and other dangerous household wastes. 	
Residues from the field	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Pieces of wood and branches of diameter greater than 1cm and /or length greater than 60 cm; - Branches tied in a bundle; - Invasive exotic plants (Phragmites, Giant hogweed, Japanese knotweed, Himalayan balsam, Purple loosestrife); - Rocks, soil, pebbles and stones. 	
Divers	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dead animals; - Carpet, moquette. 	

Mise à jour : Janvier 2022
Par : MB

¹ Bien que les capsules soient faites de tissu, elles ont des anneaux de plastique épais qui contaminent le compost